# ELECTRICITY ACT 1994 Section 90AA(1)

#### DELEGATION

I, Mark McArdle, the Minister for Energy and Water Supply, in accordance with the power of delegation in section 90AA(1) of the *Electricity Act 1994* (the Act), delegate to the Queensland Competition Authority (QCA) the function under section 90(1) of the Act of deciding the prices that a retail entity may charge its non-market customers for customer retail services for the tariff years from 1 July 2013 to 30 June 2016.

The following are the Terms of Reference of the price determination:

#### Terms of Reference

- 1. These Terms of Reference apply for each of the tariff years in the delegation period.
- 2. In each tariff year of the delegation period, QCA is to calculate the notified prices and publish an annual price determination, in the form of a tariff schedule, in accordance with these Terms of Reference.
- 3. In accordance with section 90(5)(a) of the Act, in making a price determination for each tariff year QCA must have regard to all of the following:
  - (a) the actual costs of making, producing or supplying the goods or services;
  - (b) the effect of the price determination on competition in the Queensland retail electricity market; and
  - (c) the matters set out in paragraph 5 of these Terms of Reference.
- 4. In accordance with section 90(5)(b) of the Act, QCA may have regard to any other matter that QCA considers relevant.
- 5. The matters that QCA is required by this delegation to consider are:
  - (a) Uniform Tariff Policy QCA must consider the Government's Uniform Tariff Policy, which provides that, wherever possible, non-market customers of the same class should have access to uniform retail tariffs and pay the same notified price for their electricity supply, regardless of their geographic location;
  - (b) Time of Use Pricing QCA must consider whether its approach to calculating time-of-use tariffs can strengthen or enhance the underlying network price

signals and encourage customers to switch to time-of-use tariffs and reduce their energy consumption during peak times;

- (c) Framework QCA must use the Network (N) plus Retail (R) cost build-up methodology when working out the notified prices and making the price determination, where N (network cost) is treated as a pass-through and R (energy and retail cost) is determined by QCA;
- (d) When determining the N components for each regulated retail tariff for each tariff year, QCA must consider the following:
  - (i) for residential and small business customers, that is, those who consume less than 100 megawatt hours (MWh) per annum - basing the network cost component on the network charges to be levied by Energex;
  - (ii) for large business customers in the Ergon Energy distribution region who consume 100MWh or more per annum - basing the network cost component on the network charges to be levied by Ergon Energy given that, from 1 July 2012, large business customers in the Energex distribution region no longer have access to notified prices;
- (e) Transitional Arrangements QCA must consider:
  - (i) for the standard regulated residential tariff (Tariff 11), implementing a three-year transitional arrangement to rebalance the fixed and variable components of Tariff 11, so that each component (fixed and variable) of Tariff 11 is cost-reflective by 1 July 2015;
  - (ii) for the existing obsolete tariffs (i.e. farming, irrigation, declining block, non-domestic heating and large business customer tariffs), implementing an appropriate transitional arrangement should QCA consider there would be significant price impacts for customers on these tariffs if required to move to the alternative cost-reflective tariffs; and
  - (iii) for the large business customer tariffs introduced in 2012-13 (i.e. Tariffs 44, 45, 46, 47 and 48), whether customers on these tariffs should be able to access the transitional arrangements for the obsolete large business customer tariffs should QCA consider that a transitional arrangement for the obsolete tariffs is necessary.

## Interim Consultation Paper

6. As part of each annual price determination, QCA must publish an interim consultation paper identifying key issues to be considered when calculating the N

and R components of each regulated retail electricity tariff and transitioning relevant retail tariffs over the three-year delegation period.

- 7. QCA must publish a written notice inviting submissions about the interim consultation paper. The notice must state a period during which anyone can make written submissions to QCA about issues relevant to the price determination.
- 8. QCA must consider any submissions received within the consultation period and make them available to the public, subject to normal confidentiality considerations.

## Consultation Timetable

9. As part of each annual price determination, QCA must publish an annual consultation timetable within two weeks after submissions on the interim consultation paper are due, which can be revised at the discretion of QCA, detailing any proposed additional public papers and workshops that QCA considers would assist the consultation process.

#### Workshops and additional consultation

- 10. As part of the Interim Consultation Paper and in consideration of submissions in response to the Interim Consultation Paper the QCA must consider the merits of additional public consultation (workshops and papers) on identified key issues.
- 11. Specifically, given the three-year period of the delegation the QCA must conduct a public workshop on the energy and retail cost components used to determine regulated retail tariffs prior to the release of the 2013-14 Draft Determination.

## Draft Price Determination

- 10. As part of each annual price determination, QCA must investigate and publish an annual report of its draft price determination on regulated retail electricity tariffs, with each tariff to be presented as a bundled price, for the relevant tariff year. The draft price determination must also specify the carbon cost allowances for the relevant tariff year.
- 11. QCA must publish a written notice inviting submissions about the draft price determination. The notice must state a period during which anyone can make written submissions to QCA about issues relevant to the draft price determination.
- 12. QCA must consider any submissions received within the consultation period and make them available to the public, subject to normal confidentiality considerations.

# Final Price Determination

13. As part of each annual price determination, QCA must investigate and publish an annual report of its final price determination on regulated retail electricity tariffs, with each tariff to be presented as a bundled price, for the relevant tariff year, and gazette the bundled retail tariffs. The final price determination must also specify the carbon cost allowances for the relevant tariff year.

## Timing

- QCA must make its reports available to the public and, at a minimum, publicly release for each tariff year the papers and price determinations listed in paragraphs 6 to 13.
- 15. QCA must publish the interim consultation paper for the 2013-14 tariff year no later than one month after the date of this Delegation and no later than 30 August before the commencement of the subsequent tariff years.
- QCA must publish the draft price determination on regulated retail electricity tariffs on 22 February 2013 for the 2013-14 tariff year and no later than 13 December before the commencement of the subsequent tariff years.
- QCA must publish the final price determination on regulated retail electricity tariffs for each relevant tariff year, and have the bundled retail tariffs gazetted, no later than 31 May each year.
- 18. This Delegation revokes my previous Delegation issued on 5 September 2012.

DATED this

121h

day of February 2013.

SIGNED by the Honourable Mark McArdle, Minister for Energy and Water Supply (signature)